

Water Safety Policy

Applies to: ALL SOFA PERSONNEL ON OKINAWA

Official Sea Conditions will be checked prior to participating in any water related activity

Broken down between East and West sectors



https://shogunweather.com

- Sea Condition All Clear (SC-AC): Conditions which are ideal for water related activities.

- Sea Condition Caution (SC-C): Hazardous conditions may exist. Exercise caution when entering the water.

- Sea Condition Danger (SC-D): Life threatening conditions exist. Water entry is prohibited for all activities. *Note: Personnel may still enter the water in designated/lifeguarded swimming areas.



Water Safety Policy

- Surfers/body boarders will attach a leash from the user to the board
- Personal water craft operators and occupants will wear a personal floatation device (PFD; i.e. life vest) at all times.
- Scuba divers will be certified and wear appropriate scuba gear



Integrity - Service - Excellence



Water Safety Policy

- Snorkelers will wear a PFD (i.e. snorkeling vest) and use the buddy system when entering the water at locations not supervised by lifeguards
- Cliff/ bridge jumping or diving is PROHIBITED











Scuba Diving Safety

- Dive only if you are certified
- Dive within your certification
- Observe posted weather conditions and learn to evaluate the water yourself
 - If the weather or water looks threatening don't dive, even if there are no sea conditions posted
- Always dive with a certified dive partner
- Avoid hazardous areas
- Remember, cave diving is prohibited on Okinawa
- Plan your dive, Dive your plan





- Must be certified!! Never rent gear or attempt to teach someone to dive unless you are a certified and insured instructor
- Know your limitations, abilities and qualifications. Don't exceed your training!
- Have all of the proper gear
- Obtain a site orientation prior to diving the site for the first time
- Never Dive alone
- Plan an alternate site or activity as a back-up



Snorkeling

- A great sport with little overhead cost
- Can be enjoyed by relatively young children, given a safe environment
- Training is available on island
- Wear the proper gear
- Be aware of the water conditions and your abilities before entering the water
- When the surfers are in the water...that's not a good sign for snorkeling



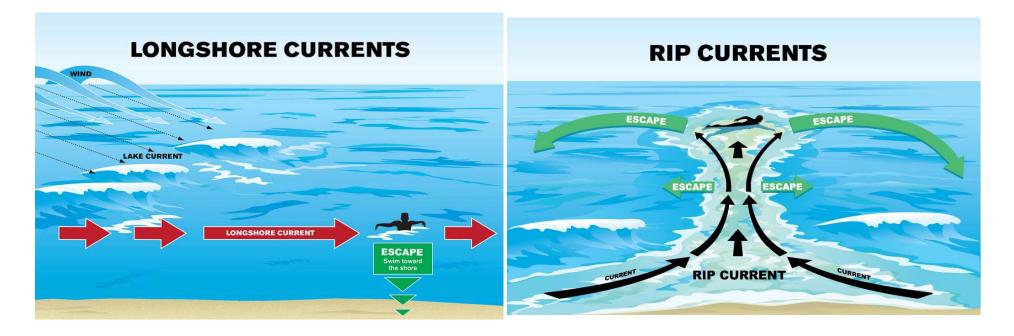
Surfing

- Rule of thumb: The places safe to surf usually don't have the better waves
- Never surf alone
- Usually 2 hours either side of high tide is safest
- Sea conditions change rapidly and warnings are there for your protection





- Rip currents Can move faster than Olympic swimmer
 - Swim across the current, then back to shore
- Longshore current swim with, not against, the current and swim diagonal until you reach the shore





Rip Currents

- A line of turbid, foamy water moving away from shore
- Usually narrow and disperse quickly in deeper water
- If caught in one, swim parallel to the shore if possible or wave and shout for help



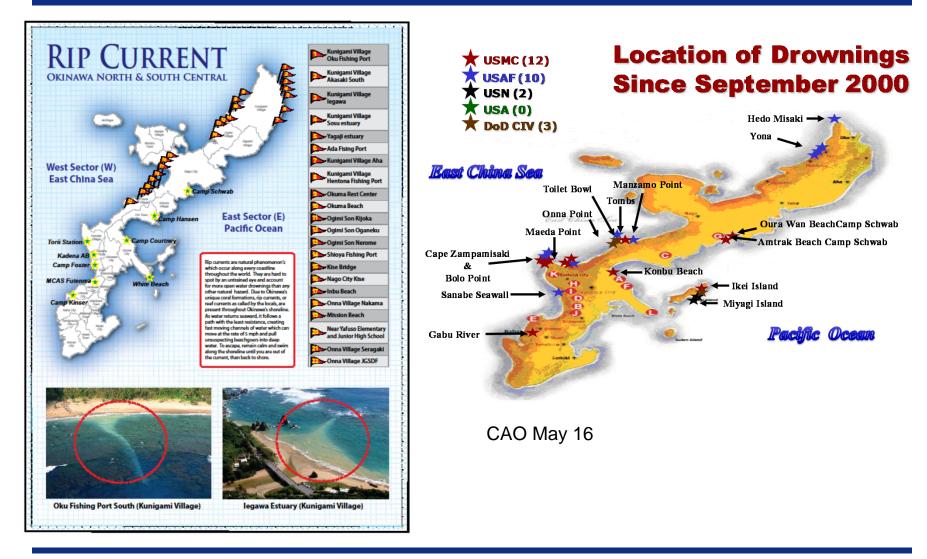


Rip Tides

- Many beaches on Okinawa have rip tides
- Swim only on beaches that have lifeguards on duty
- If caught in rip tide swim parallel to the shore or current rather than against the rip tide
- Wave and call for help as soon as you realize you are being pulled out to sea
- Conserve your energy



Hazardous Locations





Hazardous Areas Around Okinawa

Bolo Point: Most dangerous area for water related activities . Note water related deaths than on Okinawa put together. Even hazardous for sight seeing during rough weather Several personnel have been swept away or injured when sight seeing in this area during typhoon conditions High cliffs from which personnel can be swept during storm condition Strong currents High waves



Hazardous Areas Around Okinawa

Hedo Point : Northern part of island. Same type area as Bolo Point Suicide Cliffs: Southern part of island. Same type area as Bolo Point and Hedo Point Meada Point: Not far from Bolo Point. Cliffs make entry into water difficult. Long stairs leads to water. Must be in good shape to negotiate with diving equipment. Ona Point: Divers have been trapped in caves in this area. Cave cliving is prohibited on Okinawa Pacific Side of Island: The east side of the island is generally more hazardous than the west side. Stronger currents, higher waves and often rip tides.





Risk Management





Do you have all required items? Is your gear serviceable? Have you conducted a pre-dive inspection? How many dives are planned? What will be the max depth? What are the weather and sea conditions?

Are you well trained for the planned dive? Is someone in the group familiar with the location?



Risk Management





Do you have serviceable mask, snorkel, fins, floatation device, and cell phone?

What are the weather and sea conditions? How will you contact emergency services if required? Do you have a buddy? Are you staying close to shore?

Are you trained on how to deal with rip currents? Are you well rested? Do you know the area?



SharePoint:

https://kadena.eis.pacaf.af.mil/18WG/WSA/SE/SEG/_layouts/15/ start.aspx#/Safety%20Programs/Forms/AllItems.aspx?RootFol der=%2F18WG%2FWSA%2FSE%2FSEG%2FSafety%20Program s%2FSports%20Safety&FolderCTID=0x01200056D9A82B26B2F B4AB0A65CD6EAE2E573&View=%7BD62B61E0%2D3262%2D4 126%2D80B3%2D2B71495E8AB8%7D

Youtube:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hJUAiqBSn1g